

## Overview

Two kinds of relationships between words in natural language

1. **Linguistic dependencies**: tree structure over sentence, representing compositional structure
2. **Statistical dependence**: how words affect probability of other words

→ Do words that are statistically dependent tend to be those in linguistic dependencies?

We use **pretrained LMs** to estimate statistical dependence as **CPMI** (defined below), which we can compare to linguistic dependencies. We find:

1. CPMI dependency accuracy is **only as high as a simple baseline that connects adjacent words**
  - ▶ across languages
  - ▶ even for syntactically-aware LMs
  - ▶ even between **POS tags** instead of wordforms
2. CPMI-dependencies **differ substantially between LMs**.

## Statistical dependence: CPMI

Pointwise mutual information (PMI) quantifies statistical dependence between words. In context:

$$\text{pmi}(x; y | c) \equiv \log \frac{p(x, y | c)}{p(x | c)p(y | c)} = \log \frac{p(x | y, c)}{p(x | c)}$$

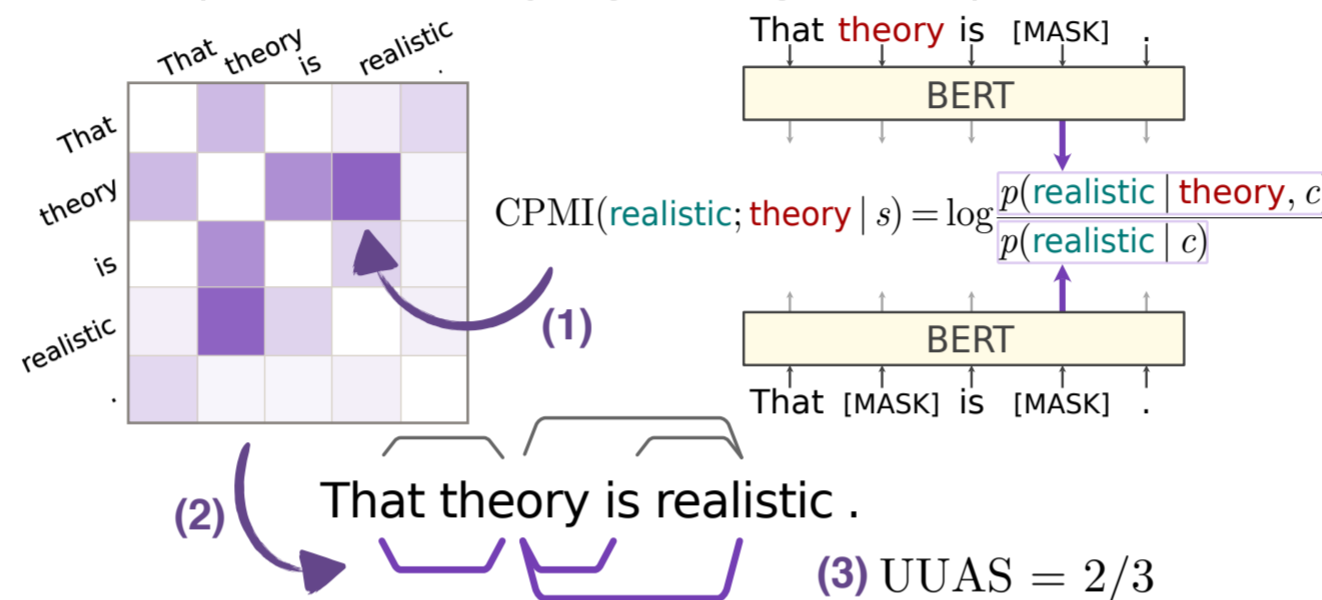
We define **Contextualized Pointwise Mutual Information (CPMI)**, an estimate of PMI between two words in a sentence  $W = w_{1:n}$  using a pretrained language model  $M$ :

$$\text{CPMI}_M(w_i; w_j) \equiv \log \frac{p_M(w_i | W_{-i})}{p_M(w_i | W_{-i,j})}$$

probability of  $w_i$  given sentence without  $w_i$   
 as above, but also without  $w_j$ .

## Extracting CPMI-dependencies

- (1) Compute of matrix of CPMI values per sentence
- (2) Extract max-CPMI spanning tree per sentence
- (3) Compute accuracy against gold dependencies



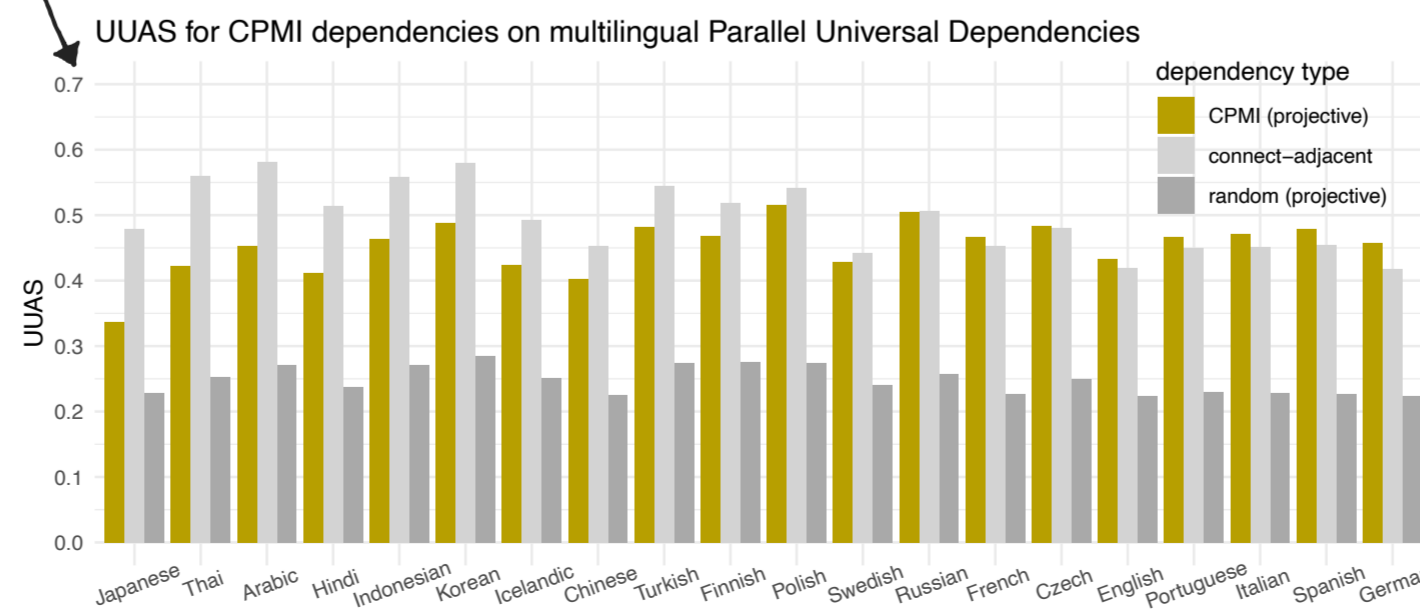
## Accuracy not higher than baseline

We compute unlabeled undirected attachment score (**UUAS**; the proportion of edges in common) between LM's **CPMI-dependencies** and gold dependencies.

random	.22
connect-adjacent	<b>.49</b>
Word2Vec	.39
BERT base	.46
BERT large	.47
DistilBERT	.48
Bart large	.38
XLM	.42
XLNet base	.45
XLNet large	.41
vanilla LSTM	.44
ONLSTM	.44
ONLSTM-SYD	.45

Accuracy of CPMI trees is **only as good as the connect-adjacent baseline**, at best.

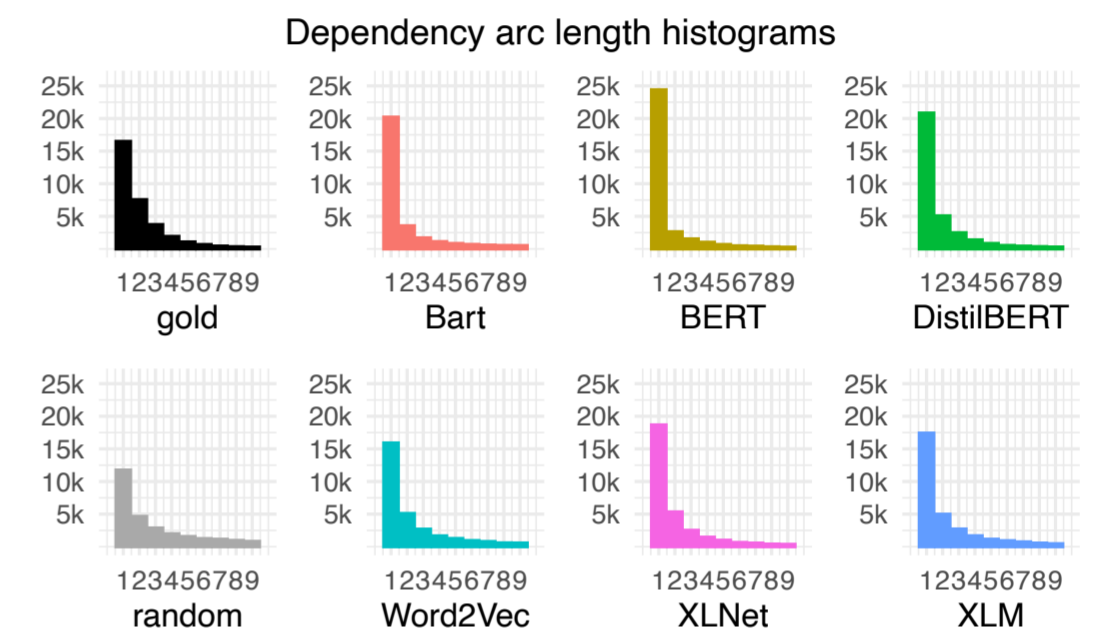
- ▶ across **multiple languages**
- ▶ also for **syntactically-aware LMs**.
- ▶ also for dependence between as **POS tags**.



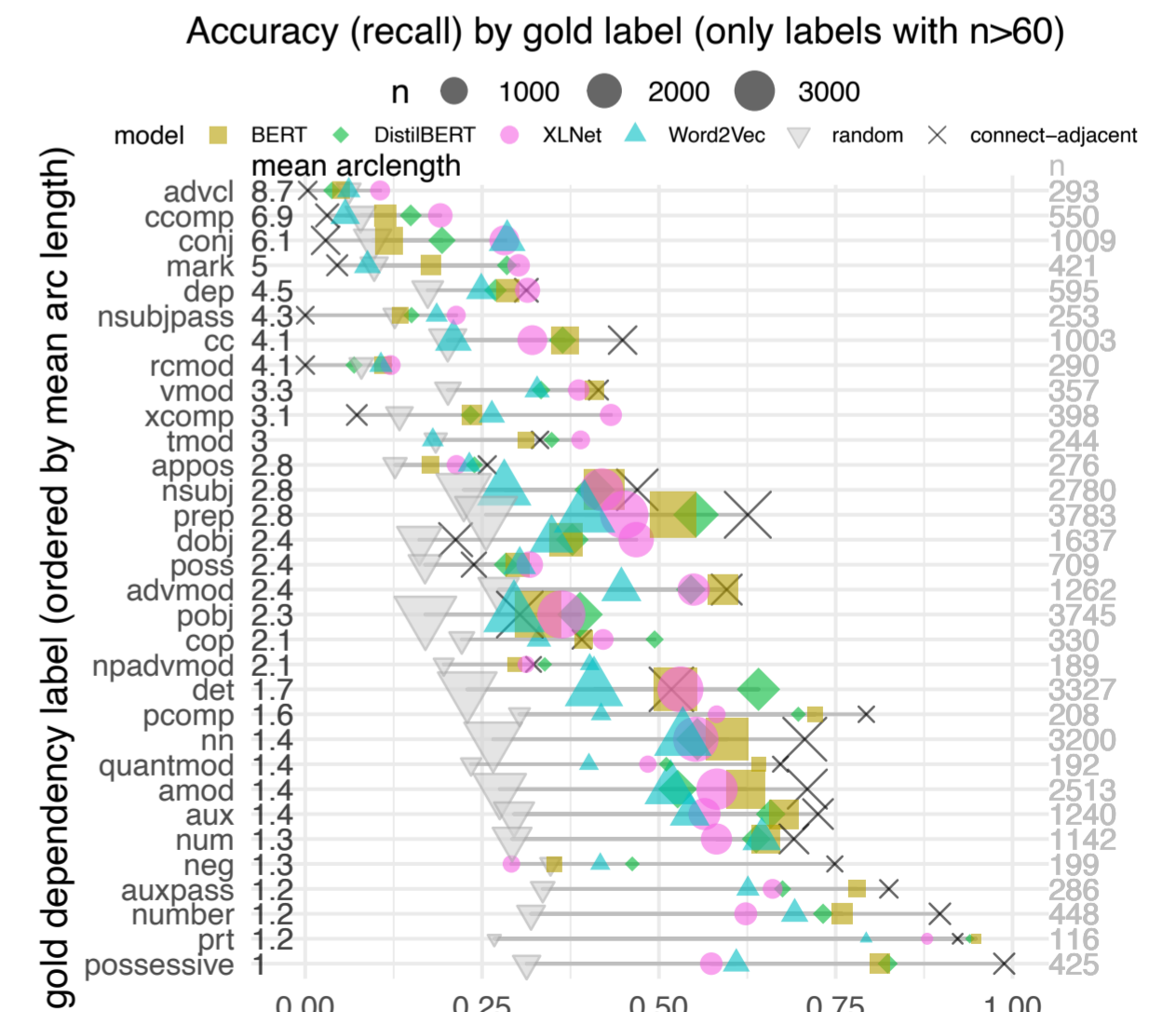
## Analysis of CPMI-dependencies

Looking closer at CPMI-dependencies from pre-trained LMs, we find that

- ▶ accuracy is **not correlated with LM performance**
- ▶ CPMI-dependencies **over-predict connecting adjacent words** more often than gold (esp. BERT's):



- ▶ no **types of dependency** have very high accuracy beyond connecting adjacent words:



- ▶ **CPMI-dependencies differ substantially between LMs**